SECOND REGULAR SESSION

[TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED]

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE NO. 2 FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE SUBSTITUTE NO. 2 FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILLS NOS. 1014 & 730

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

2006

4947S.25T

AN ACT

To repeal sections 115.105, 115.124, 115.126, 115.159, 115.163, 115.223, 115.225, 115.237, 115.247, 115.249, 115.427, 115.430, 115.431, 115.439, 115.445, 115.449, 115.453, and 115.631, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twenty-two new sections relating to election administration, with penalty provisions and an emergency clause for a certain section.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 115.105, 115.124, 115.126, 115.159, 115.163, 115.223,

- 2 115.225, 115.237, 115.247, 115.249, 115.427, 115.430, 115.431, 115.439, 115.445,
- 3 115.449, 115.453, and 115.631, RSMo, are repealed and twenty-two new sections
- 4 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 115.002, 115.024, 115.105,
- 5 115.124, 115.159, 115.163, 115.203, 115.205, 115.219, 115.225, 115.237, 115.247,
- 6 115.249, 115.427, 115.430, 115.431, 115.439, 115.445, 115.449, 115.453, 115.456,
- 7 and 115.631, to read as follows:

115.002. Sections 115.002, 115.024, 115.105, 115.124, 115.159,

- 2 115.163, 115.203, 115.205, 115.219, 115.225, 115.237, 115.247, 115.249,
- 3 115.427, 115.430, 115.431, 115.439, 115.445, 115.449, 115.453, 115.456, and
- 4 115.631, may be cited as the "Missouri Voter Protection Act".

115.024. 1. As used in this section, "disaster" means any

- 2 catastrophic or natural disaster, statewide or nationwide emergency,
- 3 man-made disaster, civil disorder, insurgency, bioterrorism attack,
- 4 terrorist attack, or enemy attack.
- 5 2. The supreme court shall by rule establish a panel in each
- 6 district of each court of appeals of the state to consider petitions filed
- 7 under this section. Each panel shall consist of three court of appeals
- 8 judges from such district, and shall be known as the "Election Panel" of
- 9 the district in which it is established.
- 3. In the event that any disaster prohibits any election from
- 11 occurring on the day the election is required to be held under this
- 12 chapter, the election authority of the city or county in which the
- 13 election was to be held may petition the election panel of the district
- 14 in which the city or county is located for the election panel to
- 15 authorize a relocation of the polling places affected by such disaster,
- 16 or to schedule a new date upon which the election authority may
- 17 conduct the election. The petition shall include the following:
- 18 (1) A description of the event prohibiting the election from
- 19 occurring;
- 20 (2) A statement of the reasons the election cannot be held on the
- 21 day required by law;
- 22 (3) The election authority's recommendation for relocation of the
- 23 polling places or the new date upon which the election shall be held;
- 24 (4) A statement of the plan for providing notice to voters of the
- 25 new location or new date of the election;
- 26 (5) A statement that the election authority will be able to
- 27 conduct the election at the recommended location or on the
- 28 recommended new date in the same manner as the election would have
- 29 been conducted had the disaster not occurred.
- 30 4. If satisfied that the election authority will be unable to
- 31 conduct the election as required by this chapter and that the
- 32 recommended relocation of the polling places or new date of the
- 33 election will allow voters to vote as provided by law, the election panel
- 35 places or to conduct the election on the new date as set by the election

shall issue an order to the election authority to relocate the polling

36 panel.

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37 5. The election authority shall provide notice to all voters in the

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election authority's jurisdiction in the same manner as required for 38 elections by this chapter, provided that the requirements for the date 39 and time of providing such notice in this chapter shall not 40 apply. Notice of the election shall include a copy of the order issued by 41 the election panel. 42

- 6. The election authority may use the same ballots that were printed for the election that was relocated or rescheduled under this section, unless such ballots were damaged, destroyed, lost, or spoiled by the disaster.
- 7. All procedures for voting, counting of votes, and contesting 48 elections required under this section shall apply to any election relocated or rescheduled under this section, provided that any 50 requirements for deadlines under this chapter that cannot be met because of the relocation or rescheduling of the election shall be rescheduled by the election panel.
 - 8. The election authority may appeal any order issued by the election panel under this section to the supreme court, and the supreme court shall hear such appeal immediately.

115.105. 1. The chair of the county committee of each political party named on the ballot shall have the right to designate a challenger for each polling place, who may be present during the hours of voting, and a challenger for each location at which absentee ballots are counted, who may be present while the ballots are being prepared for counting and counted. No later than four business 5 days before the election, the chair of each county committee of each political party 7 named on the ballot shall provide signed official designation forms with the names of the designated challengers and substitutes to the local election 9 authority for confirmation of eligibility to serve as a challenger. The local 10 election authority, after verifying the eligibility of each designated and substitute challenger, shall sign off on the official designation forms, unless the challenger 11 12is found not to have the qualifications established by subsection 5 of this section. If the election authority determines that a challenger does not meet the 13 qualifications of subsection 5 of this section, the designating party chair may 14 designate a replacement challenger and provide the local election authority with 15the name of the replacement challenger before 5:00 p.m. of the Monday preceding 16 the election. The designating chair may substitute challengers at his or her 17 discretion during such hours. 18

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- 2. Challenges may only be made when the challenger believes the election laws of this state have been or will be violated, and each challenger shall report any such belief to the election judges, or to the election authority if not satisfied with the decision of the election judges.
- 3. Prior to the close of the polls, challengers may list and give out the names of those who have voted. The listing and giving out of names of those who have voted by a challenger shall not be considered giving information tending to show the state of the count.
- 4. In a presidential primary election, challengers may collect information about the party ballot selected by the voter and may disclose party affiliation information after the polls close.
 - 5. All persons selected as challengers shall have the same qualifications required by section 115.085 for election judges, except that such challenger shall be a registered voter in the jurisdiction of the election authority for which the challenger is designated as a challenger.
 - 6. Any challenge by a challenger to a voter's identification for validity shall be made only to the election judges or other election authority. If the poll challenger is not satisfied with the decision of the election judges, then he or she may report his or her belief that the election laws of this state have been or will be violated to the election authority as allowed under section 115.105.
- 115.124. 1. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, in a nonpartisan election in any political subdivision or special district except for municipal [and board of trustees of community college districts] elections, if the notice provided for in subsection 5 of section 115.127 has been published in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the district, and if the number of candidates who have filed for a particular office is equal to the number of positions in that office to be filled by the election, no election shall be held for such office, and the candidates shall assume the responsibilities of their offices 9 at the same time and in the same manner as if they had been 10 elected. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if at any 11 election the number of candidates filing for a particular office exceeds the number of positions to be filled at such election, the election authority shall hold the 12election as scheduled, even if a sufficient number of candidates withdraw from 13 such contest for that office so that the number of candidates remaining after the 14 filing deadline is equal to the number of positions to be filled. 15

- 2. The election authority or political subdivision responsible for the 16 oversight of the filing of candidates in any nonpartisan election in any political 17 18 subdivision or special district shall clearly designate where candidates shall form a line to effectuate such filings and determine the order of such filings; except 19 20 that, in the case of candidates who file a declaration of candidacy with the 21election authority or political subdivision prior to 5:00 p.m. on the first day for 22filing, the election authority or political subdivision may determine by random drawing the order in which such candidates' names shall appear on the ballot. If 23a drawing is conducted pursuant to this subsection, it shall be conducted so that 24each candidate may draw a number at random at the time of filing. If such 25drawing is conducted, the election authority or political subdivision shall record 2627 the number drawn with the candidate's declaration of candidacy. If such drawing is conducted, the names of candidates filing on the first day of filing for each 28 29 office on each ballot shall be listed in ascending order of the numbers so drawn.
- 115.159. 1. Any person who is qualified to register in Missouri shall, 2 upon application, be entitled to register by mail. Upon request, application forms 3 shall be furnished by the election authority or the secretary of state.
- 2. [Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the election authority shall not deliver any voter identification card to any person who registers to vote by mail until after such person has voted, in person, after presentation of a proper form of identification, for the first time following registration at the new polling place designated by the election authority. An individual who has registered to vote by mail and who desires to vote in person, but who does not present a proper form of identification for the first time following registration, may cast a provisional ballot. Such provisional ballot shall not be counted pursuant to this chapter, and the individual shall be notified of the reason for not counting the ballot.
- 3.] Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the election authority shall not deliver any absentee ballot to any person who registers to vote by mail until after such person has:
- 17 (1) Voted, in person, after presentation of a proper form of identification 18 set out in section 115.427, for the first time following registration; or
- 19 (2) Provided a copy of identification set out in section 115.427 to the 20 election authority.
- This subsection shall not apply to those persons identified in section 115.283 who are exempted from obtaining a notary seal or signature on their absentee ballots.

- 23 An individual who has registered to vote by mail but who does not meet the
- 24 requirements of this subsection may cast a provisional ballot by mail. Such ballot
- 25 shall not be counted pursuant to this chapter, and the individual shall be notified
- 26 of the reason for not counting the ballot.
- [4. Subsections 2 and 3] 3. Subsection 2 of this section shall not apply
- 28 in the case of a person:
- 29 (1) Who registers to vote by mail pursuant to Section 6 of the National
- 30 Voter Registration Act of 1993 and submits a copy of a current and valid
- 31 **photo identification** as part of such registration [either:
- 32 (a) A copy of a current and valid photo identification; or
- 33 (b) A copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, government check,
- 34 paycheck, or government document that shows the name and address of the
- 35 voter];
- 36 (2) Who registers to vote by mail pursuant to Section 6 of the National
- 37 Voter Registration Act of 1993 and:
- 38 (a) Submits with such registration either a driver's license number, or at
- 39 least the last four digits of the individual's Social Security number; and
- 40 (b) With respect to whom the secretary of state matches the information
- 41 submitted pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision with an existing state
- 42 identification record bearing the same number, name, and date of birth as
- 43 provided in such registration;
- 44 (3) Who is:
- 45 (a) Entitled to vote by absentee ballot pursuant to the Uniformed and
- 46 Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act;
- 47 (b) Provided the right to vote otherwise than in person pursuant to
- 48 Section 3(b)(2)(B)(ii) of the Voting Accessibility for the Elderly and Handicapped
- 49 Act; or
- 50 (c) Entitled to vote otherwise than in person pursuant to any other federal
- 51 law.
 - 115.163. 1. Each election authority shall [arrange one set of registration
 - 2 cards into permanent binders] use the "Missouri voter registration system"
 - 3 established by section 115.158 to prepare a list of legally registered
 - 4 voters for each precinct[, or it may authorize the creation of computerized lists
 - 5 for each precinct]. The [computerized lists or binder] list shall be arranged
 - 6 alphabetically or by street address as the election authority determines and shall
 - 7 be known as the "precinct register". [At least one set of registration cards shall

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- be arranged in a central file in such a manner as the election authority determines, and shall be known as the "headquarters register". The election authority shall be the custodian of the registration records, and no cards or records shall be removed or handled except at its direction and under its supervision.] The precinct registers shall be kept by the election authority in a secure place, except when given to election judges for use at an election. Except as provided in subsection 2 of section 115.157, all registration records shall be open to inspection by the public at all reasonable times.
 - 2. [In counties using computer printouts as precinct registers,] A new [computer printout] precinct register shall be [printed] prepared by the election authority prior to each election.
- 19 3. [In those counties using computer printouts as precinct registers,] The election authority shall send to each voter a voter [identification] notification 20 card no later than ninety days prior to the date of a primary or general election 2122for federal office, unless the voter has received such a card during the preceding 23six months. The voter [identification] notification card shall contain the voter's 24name, address, and precinct [and a signature line]. The card also shall inform the voter of the personal identification requirement in section 115.427 25and may also contain other voting information at the discretion of the election 26 authority. [The voter shall be instructed to sign the card for use as identification 2728 at the polls.] The voter [identification] notification card shall be sent to a voter after a new registration or a change of address. If any voter shall lose his voter 29 [identification] notification card, he may request a new one from the election 30 authority. The voter [identification] notification card authorized pursuant to 31 this section may be used as a canvass of voters in lieu of the provisions set out in sections 115.179 to 115.193. Except as provided in subsection 2 of section 33 115.157, anyone, upon request and payment of a reasonable fee, may obtain a 34 35 printout, list and/or computer tape of those newly registered voters or voters 36 deleted from the voting rolls, since the last canvass or updating of the rolls. The election authority may authorize the use of the postal service contractors under 37 38 the federal National Change of Address program to identify those voters whose address is not correct on the voter registration records. The election authority 39 40 shall not be required to mail a voter registration card to those voters whose 41 addresses are incorrect. Confirmation notices to such voters required by section 115.193 shall be sent to the corrected address provided by the National Change 42of Address program. 43

115.203. 1. No person shall pay or otherwise compensate any other person for registering voters based on the number of:

- (1) Voters registered by the other person;
- 4 (2) Voter registration applications collected by the other person; 5 or
- 6 (3) Voter registration applications submitted to election officials 7 by the other person.
- 8 2. No person shall receive or accept payment or any other 9 compensation from any other person for registering voters based on the 10 number of:
- 11 (1) Voters registered by the person receiving or accepting 12 payment or other compensation;
- 13 (2) Voter registration applications collected by the person 14 receiving or accepting payment or other compensation;
- 15 (3) Voter registration applications submitted to election officials 16 by the person receiving or accepting payment or other compensation.
- 3. No person who agrees or offers to submit a voter registration application for another person shall knowingly destroy, deface, or conceal such voter registration application.
- 4. Any person who accepts or receives a voter registration application from another person and agrees or offers to submit such application to the election authority for the registrant shall deliver the application to the election authority within seven days of accepting or receiving the application.
- 5. A violation of this section is a class four election offense.
 - soliciting more than ten voter registration applications, other than a governmental entity or a person who is paid or compensated by a governmental entity for such solicitation, shall be registered with the secretary of state as a voter registration solicitor. A voter registration solicitor shall register for every election cycle that begins on the day after the general election and ends on the day of the general election two years later. A voter registration solicitor shall be at least eighteen years of age and shall be a registered voter in the state of Missouri.
- 2. Each voter registration solicitor shall provide the following information in writing to the secretary of state's office:

- 12 (1) The name of the voter registration solicitor;
- 13 (2) The residential address, including street number, city, state,
- 14 and zip code;
- 15 (3) The mailing address, if different from the residential address;
- (4) Whether the voter registration solicitor expects to be paid forsoliciting voter registrations;
- 18 (5) If the voter registration solicitor expects to be paid, the 19 identity of the payor; or
- 20 (6) The signature of the voter registration solicitor.
- 3. The solicitor information required in subsection 2 of this
- 22 section shall be submitted to the secretary of state's office with the
- 23 following oath and affirmation:
- 24 "I HEREBY SWEAR OR AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY THAT
- 25 ALL STATEMENTS MADE BY ME ARE TRUE AND CORRECT.".
- 26 4. Any voter registration solicitor who knowingly fails to register
- 27 with the secretary of state is guilty of a class three election
- 28 offense. Voter registration applications shall be accepted by the
- 29 election authority if such applications are otherwise valid, even if the
- 30 voter registration solicitor who procured the applications fails to
- 31 register with or submits false information to the secretary of state.
 - 115.219. 1. Any person who believes a violation of any provision
 - 2 of Title III of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (HAVA), 42 U.S.C.
- 3 Sections 15481 to 15485, as amended, has occurred, is occurring, or is
- 4 about to occur may file a complaint with the elections division of the
- 5 secretary of state's office.
- 6 2. Any complaint filed under this section shall:
- 7 (1) Be in writing, signed, and sworn to before a notary public
- 8 commissioned by the state of Missouri;
- 9 (2) Be filed within thirty days of the certification of the election
- 10 in which the violation is alleged to have occurred and state the
- 11 following:
- 12 (a) The name and mailing address of the person or persons
- 13 alleged to have committed the violation of Title III of HAVA described
- 14 in the complaint;
- 15 (b) A description of the act or acts that the person filing the
- 16 complaint believes is a violation of Title III of HAVA; and

- 17 (c) The nature of the injury suffered or about to be suffered by 18 the person filing the complaint.
- 3. The elections division shall promptly provide a copy of the complaint by certified mail to:
- 21 (1) All persons identified in the complaint as possible violators 22 of Title III of HAVA; and
- 23 (2) The election authority in whose jurisdiction the violation is 24 alleged to have occurred or is about to occur.
- 4. The elections division may consolidate complaints filed under this section.
- 5. Upon the proper filing of a complaint under this section, the secretary of state shall appoint a presiding officer who shall conduct an investigation of the complaint.
- 6. At the request of the person filing the complaint or if the presiding officer believes that the circumstances so dictate, the presiding officer shall conduct a hearing on the complaint and prepare a record on the hearing, such hearing to be conducted within ten days of the request of the person filing the complaint.
- 7. Upon completion of the investigation, the presiding officer shall submit the results to the elections division, which shall then issue a written report. The elections division shall provide a copy of the report by certified mail to:
- 39 (1) The person who filed the complaint;
- 40 (2) The person or persons alleged to have committed the 41 violation; and
- 42 (3) The election authority in whose jurisdiction the violation is 43 alleged to have occurred.
 - 8. The report described in subsection 7 of this section shall:
- 45 (1) Indicate the date when the complaint was received by the 46 elections division;
- 47 (2) Contain findings of fact regarding the alleged violation and 48 state whether a violation of Title III of HAVA has occurred;
- 49 (3) State what steps, if any, the person or persons alleged to have 50 committed a violation have taken to correct or prevent any recurrence;
- 51 (4) Suggest any additional measures that could be taken to 52 correct the violation;

- 53 (5) Indicate the date a violation was corrected or is expected to 54 be corrected;
- (6) Provide any additional information or recommendations 55 56 useful in resolving the complaint.
- 9. If the elections division determines that there is a violation of 58 Title III of HAVA, the elections division shall determine and provide the appropriate remedy, as authorized by law to do so. If the elections 59 60 division determines that it is not authorized by law to provide an appropriate remedy, the elections division shall, if possible, refer the matter to the appropriate agency or office that has jurisdiction.
 - 115.225. 1. Before use by election authorities in this state, the secretary of state shall approve the marking devices and the automatic tabulating equipment used in electronic voting systems and may promulgate rules and regulations to implement the intent of sections 115.225 to 115.235.
- 5 2. No electronic voting system shall be approved unless it:
 - (1) Permits voting in absolute secrecy;
- 7 (2) Permits each voter to vote for as many candidates for each office as a voter is lawfully entitled to vote for; 8
- 9 (3) Permits each voter to vote for or against as many questions as a voter 10 is lawfully entitled to vote on, and no more;
- 11 (4) Provides facilities for each voter to cast as many write-in votes for 12 each office as a voter is lawfully entitled to cast;
- (5) [Permits each voter at a general election to vote for all candidates of 13 one party by one punch or mark or to vote a split ticket, as a voter desires; 14
- 15 (6)] Permits each voter in a primary election to vote for the candidates of only one party announced by the voter in advance; 16
- [(7)] (6) Permits each voter at a presidential election to vote by use of a 17 single punch or mark for the candidates of one party or group of petitioners for 18 president, vice president and their presidential electors; 19
- 20 [(8)] (7) Accurately counts all proper votes cast for each candidate and 21for and against each question;
- 22 [(9)] (8) Is set to reject all votes, except write-in votes, for any office and 23 on any question when the number of votes exceeds the number a voter is lawfully 24 entitled to cast;
- [(10)] (9) Permits each voter, while voting, to clearly see the ballot label; 25
- [(11)] (10) Has been tested and is certified by an independent authority 26

- that meets the voting system standards developed by the Federal Election
 Commission or its successor agency. The provisions of this subdivision shall not
- 29 be required for any system purchased prior to August 28, 2002.
- 3. The secretary of state shall promulgate rules and regulations to allow the use of a computerized voting system. The procedures shall provide for the use of a computerized voting system with the ability to provide a paper audit trail. Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, such a system may allow for the storage of processed ballot materials in an electronic form.
- 36 4. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, 37 RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become 38 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 39 40 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date 41 42or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then 43 the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and void. 44
- 115.237. 1. Each ballot printed or designed for use with an electronic voting system for any election pursuant to this chapter shall contain all questions and the names of all offices and candidates certified or filed pursuant to this chapter and no other. As far as practicable, all questions and the names of all offices and candidates for which each voter is entitled to vote shall be printed on one page except for the ballot for political party committee persons in polling places not utilizing an electronic voting system which may be printed separately and in conformity with the requirements contained in this section. As far as practicable, ballots containing only questions and the names of nonpartisan 10 offices and candidates shall be printed in accordance with the provisions of this section, except that the ballot information may be listed in vertical or horizontal rows. The names of candidates for each office shall be listed in the order in 12 13 which they are filed.
- 2. Except as provided in subsection [4] 5 of this section, each ballot shall have:
- 16 (1) Each party name printed in capital letters not less than eighteen point 17 in size;
- 18 (2) [A circle one-half inch in diameter immediately below each party

19 name;

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- 20 (3)] The name of each office printed in capital letters not less than eight 21 point in size;
- [(4)] (3) The name of each candidate printed in capital letters not less than ten point in size;
- 24 [(5)] (4) A small square, the sides of which shall not be less than 25 one-fourth inch in length, printed directly to the left of each candidate's name and on the same line as the candidate's name. When write-in votes are authorized 26 and no candidate's name is to be printed under the name of an office in a party 27 or nonpartisan column, under the name of the office in the column shall be 28printed a square. Directly to the right of the square shall be printed a horizontal 29 line on which the voter may vote for a person whose name does not appear on the 30 ballot. When more than one position is to be filled for an office, and the number 31 32 of candidates' names under the office in a column is less than the number of positions to be filled, the number of squares and write-in lines printed in the 33 34 column shall equal the difference between the number of candidates' names and 35 the number of positions to be filled;
- [(6)] (5) The list of candidates of each party and all nonpartisan candidates placed in separate columns with a heavy vertical line between each list;
 - [(7)] (6) A horizontal line extending across the ballot three-eighths of an inch below the last name or write-in line under each office in such a manner that the names of all candidates and all write-in lines for the same office appear between the same horizontal lines. If write-in votes are not authorized, the horizontal line shall extend across the ballot three-eighths of an inch below the name of the last candidate under each office;
- 45 [(8)] (7) In a separate column or beneath a heavy horizontal line under 46 all names and write-in lines, all questions;
- [(9)] (8) At least three-eighths of an inch below all other matter on the ballot, printed in ten-point Gothic type, the words "Instructions to Voters" followed by directions to the voter on marking the ballot as provided in section 115.439;
- [(10)] (9) Printed at the top on the face of the ballot the words "Official Ballot" followed by the date of the election and the statement "Instruction to Voters: Place an X in the square opposite the name of the person for whom you wish to vote.".

3. As nearly as practicable, each ballot shall be in substantially the following form:

r 77	OFFICIAL.	DATIOM	
57	OFFICIAL	BALLOT	

DATE

58 59 60 61 62 63	REPUBLICAN [O For President and Vice President	DEMOCRATIC O For President and Vice President	THIRD PARTY O For President and Vice President	INDEPENDENT O] For President and Vice President □
64 65 66 67	For United States Senator	For United States Senator	For United States Senator	For United States Senator
68 69	For Governor	For Governor	For Governor	For Governor
70 71 72	For Lieutenant Governor	For Lieutenant Governor	For Lieutenant Governor	For Lieutenant Governor
73 74 75	For Secretary of State	For Secretary of State	For Secretary of State	For Secretary of State
76 77	For Treasurer	For Treasurer	For Treasurer	For Treasurer
77 78 79	For Attorney General	For Attorney General	For Attorney General	For Attorney General
77 78 79 80 81 82 83	For Attorney General For United States Representative	For Attorney General For United States Representative	For Attorney General In the states Representative	For Attorney General In the states Representative
77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86	For Attorney General For United States Representative For State Senator	For Attorney General General United States Representative For State Senator	For Attorney General For United States Representative For State Senator	For Attorney General For United States Representative For State Senator

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- 4. No ballot printed or designed for use with an electronic voting system for any partisan election held under this chapter shall allow a person to vote a straight political party ticket. For purposes of this subsection, a "straight political party ticket" means voting for all of the candidates for elective office who are on the ballot representing a single political party by a single selection on the ballot.
 - 5. The secretary of state shall promulgate rules that specify uniform standards for ballot layout for each electronic or computerized ballot counting system approved under the provisions of section 115.225 so that the ballot used with any counting system is, where possible, consistent with the intent of this section. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the format specified in this section if it does not meet the requirements of the ballot counting system used by the election authority.
- 107 [5.] 6. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 108 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 109 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and 110 111 chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 112 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective 113 date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after 114 115 August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and void.
 - 115.247. 1. Each election authority shall provide all ballots for every election within its jurisdiction. Ballots other than those printed by the election authority in accordance with sections 115.001 to 115.641 and [sections 51.450 and] section 51.460, RSMo, shall not be cast or counted at any election.
 - 2. Whenever it appears that an error has occurred in any publication required by sections 115.001 to 115.641 and [sections 51.450 and] section 51.460, RSMo, or in the printing of any ballot, any circuit court may, upon the application of any voter, order the appropriate election authorities to correct the error or to show cause why the error should not be corrected.
 - 3. For each election[,] held in a county with a charter form of government and with more than two hundred fifty thousand but fewer than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, the election authority [shall] may provide for each polling place in its jurisdiction fifty-five ballots for each fifty and fraction of fifty voters registered in the voting district at the time

15 of the election. For each election, except a general election, held in any county other than a county with a charter form of government and with 16 more than two hundred fifty thousand but fewer than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, the election authority shall provide for each 18 polling place in its jurisdiction a number of ballots equal to at least one 19 20 and one-third times the number of ballots cast in the voting district served by such polling place at the election held two years before at 2122that polling place or at the polling place that served the voting district 23in the previous election. For each general election held in any county 24other than a county with a charter form of government and with more 25than two hundred fifty thousand but fewer than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, the election authority shall provide for each 2627polling place in its jurisdiction a number of ballots equal to one and one-third times the number of ballots cast in the voting district served 28by such polling place or at the polling place that served the voting 2930 district in the general election held four years prior. When determining the number of ballots to provide for each polling place, the 31 32election authority shall consider any factors that would affect the turnout at such polling place. The election authority shall keep a record of 33 the exact number of ballots delivered to each polling place. For purposes of this 34subsection, the election authority shall not be required to count registered voters 35 designated as inactive pursuant to section 115.193. 36

- 4. After the polls have closed on every election day, the election judges shall return all unused ballots to the election authority with the other election supplies. [All unused ballots delivered to the election authority may be distributed by the election authority to schools in its jurisdiction. Before distribution, all unused ballots shall be stamped "void" or otherwise altered by the election authority.]
- 5. All ballots cast in public elections shall be printed and distributed at public expense, payable as provided in sections 115.061 to 115.077.

115.249. No voting machine shall be used unless it

- 2 (1) Permits voting in absolute secrecy;
- 3 (2) Permits each voter to vote for as many candidates for each office as he 4 is lawfully entitled to vote for, and no other;
- 5 (3) Permits each voter to vote for or against as many questions as he is 6 lawfully entitled to vote on, and no more;

- 7 (4) Provides facilities for each voter to cast as many write-in votes for 8 each office as he is lawfully entitled to cast;
- 9 (5) [Permits each voter at a general election to vote for all candidates of 10 one party by use of a single lever or to vote a split ticket, as he desires;
- 11 (6)] Permits each voter in a primary election to vote for the candidates of 12 only one party announced by the voter in advance;
- [(7)] (6) Permits each voter at a presidential election to vote by use of a single lever for the candidates of one party or group of petitioners for president, vice president and their presidential electors;
- 16 [(8)] (7) Correctly registers or records and accurately counts all votes 17 cast for each candidate and for and against each question;
- 18 [(9)] (8) Is provided with a lock or locks which prevent any movement of 19 the voting or registering mechanism and any tampering with the mechanism;
- [(10)] (9) Is provided with a protective counter or other device whereby any operation of the machine before or after an election will be detected;
- [(11)] (10) Is provided with a counter which shows at all times during the election how many people have voted on the machine;
- [(12)] (11) Is provided with a proper light which enables each voter, while voting, to clearly see the ballot labels;
- [(13)] (12) Is provided with a mechanical model, illustrating the manner of voting on the machine, suitable for the instruction of voters.
- 115.427. 1. Before receiving a ballot, voters shall [identify themselves]
 2 establish their identity and eligibility to vote at the polling place by
 3 presenting a form of personal identification [from the following list:
- 4 (1) Identification issued by the state of Missouri, an agency of the state, 5 or a local election authority of the state;
- 6 (2) Identification issued by the United States government or agency 7 thereof:
- 8 (3) Identification issued by an institution of higher education, including 9 a university, college, vocational and technical school, located within the state of 10 Missouri;
- 11 (4) A copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, government check, 12 paycheck or other government document that contains the name and address of 13 the voter;
- 14 (5) Driver's license or state identification card issued by another state; or
- 15 (6) Other identification approved by the secretary of state under rules

- 16 promulgated pursuant to subsection 3 of this section other identification approved
- 17 by federal law.

- 18 Personal knowledge of the voter by two supervising election judges, one from each
- 19 major political party, shall be acceptable voter identification upon the completion
- 20 of a secretary of state-approved affidavit that is signed by both supervisory
- 21 election judges and the voter that attests to the personal knowledge of the voter
- 22 by the two supervisory election judges. The secretary of state may provide by
- 23 rule for a sample affidavit to be used for such purpose]. "Personal
- 24 identification" shall mean only one of the following:
- 25 (1) Nonexpired Missouri driver's license showing the name and 26 a photograph or digital image of the individual; or
- 27 (2) Nonexpired or nonexpiring Missouri nondriver's license 28 showing the name and a photographic or digital image of the 29 individual; or
 - (3) A document that satisfies all of the following requirements:
- 31 (a) The document contains the name of the individual to whom 32 the document was issued, and the name substantially conforms to the 33 most recent signature in the individual's voter registration record;
- 34 (b) The document shows a photographic or digital image of the 35 individual;
- 36 (c) The document includes an expiration date, and the document 37 is not expired, or if expired, expired not before the date of the most 38 recent general election; and
- (d) The document was issued by the United States or the state ofMissouri; or
- 41 (4) Any identification containing a photographic or digital image 42 of the individual which is issued by the Missouri National Guard, the 43 United States armed forces, or the United States Department of Veteran 44 Affairs to a member or former member of the Missouri National Guard 45 or the United States armed forces and that does not have an expiration 46 date.
- 2. The election authority shall post a clear and conspicuous notice at each polling place informing each voter who appears at the polling place without a form of personal identification that satisfies the requirements of subsection 1 of this section that the voter may return to the polling place with a proper form of personal identification and

- vote a regular ballot after election judges have verified the voter's 52 identity and eligibility under subsection 1 of this section. In addition 53 to such posting, the election judges may also inform such voters by 54written or oral communication, of such information posted in the 55notice. Voters who return to the polling place during the uniform 56 polling hours established by section 115.407 with a current and valid 57 form of personal identification shall be given priority in any voting 58 59 lines.
- 3. An individual who appears at a polling place without identification in the form described in subsection 1 of this section and who is otherwise qualified to vote at that polling place may execute an affidavit averring that the voter is the person listed in the precinct register and that the voter does not possess a form of identification specified in this section and is unable to obtain a current and valid form of personal identification because of:
- 67 (1) A physical or mental disability or handicap of the voter, if the 68 voter is otherwise competent to vote under Missouri law; or
- 69 (2) A sincerely held religious belief against the forms of personal 70 identification described in subsection 1 of this section; or
- 71 (3) The voter being born on or before January 1, 1941.
- Upon executing such affidavit, the individual may cast a provisional ballot. Such provisional ballot shall be counted, provided the election authority verifies the identity of the individual by comparing that individual's signature to the signature on file with the election authority and determines that the individual was eligible to cast a ballot at the polling place where the ballot was cast.
- 4. The affidavit to be used for voting under subsection 3 of this section shall be substantially in the following form:
- 80 "State of
- 81 County of
- 82 I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that my name is;
- 83 that I reside at; and that I am the person listed
- 84 in the precinct register under this name and at this address. I further
- 85 swear (or affirm) that I am unable to obtain a current and valid form
- 86 of personal identification because of:
- 87 A physical or mental disability or handicap; or

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88	\square A sincerely held religious belief; or
89	☐ My being born on or before January 1, 1941.
90	I understand that knowingly providing false information is a violation
91	of law and subjects me to possible criminal prosecution.
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93	Signature of voter
94	Subscribed and affirmed before me this day of, 20
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- 96 Signature of election official"
- 5. A voter shall be allowed to cast a provisional ballot under 98 section 115.430 even if the election judges cannot establish the voter's identity under subsection 1 of this section. The election judges shall 99 make a notation on the provisional ballot envelope to indicate that the 100 voter's identity was not verified. The provisional ballot cast by such voter shall not be counted unless:
- 103 (1) The voter returns to the polling place during the uniform polling hours established by section 115.407 and provides a form of 104 personal identification that allows the election judges to verify the 105 voter's identity as provided in subsection 1 of this section; and 106
- 107 (2) The provisional ballot otherwise qualifies to be counted under section 115.430. 108
- 6. The secretary of state shall provide advance notice of the personal identification requirements of subsection 1 of this section in a manner calculated to inform the public generally of the requirement for photographic personal identification as provided in this section. Such advance notice shall include, at a minimum, the use of 114 advertisements and public service announcements in print, broadcast television, radio, and cable television media, as well as the posting of information on the opening pages of the official state Internet web sites of the secretary of state and governor.
- 118 7. The provisions of section 136.055, RSMo, and section 302.181, RSMo, notwithstanding, any applicant who requests a nondriver's 119 license with a photograph or digital image for the purpose of voting 120 121 shall not be required to pay a fee if the applicant executes an affidavit averring that the applicant does not have any other form of 122

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123 photographic personal identification that meets the requirements of 124 subsection 1 of this section. The state of Missouri shall pay the legally 125 required fees for any such applicant. The director shall design an affidavit to be used for this purpose. However, any disabled or elderly 126 127 person otherwise competent to vote shall be issued a nondriver's 128 license photo identification through a mobile processing system 129 operated by the Missouri department of revenue upon request if the 130 individual is physically unable to otherwise obtain a nondriver's 131 license photo identification. The department of revenue shall make 132 nondriver's license photo identifications available through its mobile 133 processing system only at facilities licensed under chapter 198, RSMo, 134 and other public places accessible to and frequented by disabled and 135 elderly persons. The department shall provide advance notice of the 136 times and places when the mobile processing system will be available. 137 At least nine mobile units housed under the office of administration shall remain available for dispatch upon the request of the department 138 of revenue to fulfill the requirements of this section. The total cost 139 associated with nondriver's license photo identification under this 140 subsection shall be borne by the state of Missouri from funds 141 appropriated to the department of revenue for that specific 142 purpose. The department of revenue and a local election authority may 143 enter into a contract that allows the local election authority to assist 144 145 the department in issuing nondriver's license photo identifications.

8. The director of the department of revenue shall, by January first of each year, prepare and deliver to each member of the general assembly a report documenting the number of individuals who have requested and received a nondriver's license photo identification for the purposes of voting under this section. The report shall also include the number of persons requesting a nondriver's license for purposes of voting under this section, but not receiving such license, and the reason for the denial of the nondriver's license.

9. The precinct register shall serve as the voter identification certificate. The following form shall be printed at the top of each page of the precinct register:

VOTER'S IDENTIFICATION CERTIFICATE

158 Warning: It is against the law for anyone to vote, or attempt to vote, without

- 159 having a lawful right to vote.
- 160 PRECINCT

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- 161 WARD OR TOWNSHIP
- 162 GENERAL (SPECIAL, PRIMARY) ELECTION
- 163 Held, 20....
- 164 Date
- I hereby certify that I am qualified to vote at this election by signing my name and verifying my address by signing my initials next to my address.
- 167 [3.] 10. The secretary of state shall promulgate rules to effectuate the provisions of this section.
- [4.] 11. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 169 170 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of 171172 chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 173174general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective 175 date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after 176 177August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and void.
 - [5.] 12. If any voter is unable to sign his name at the appropriate place on the certificate or computer printout, an election judge shall print the name and address of the voter in the appropriate place on the precinct register, the voter shall make his mark in lieu of signature, and the voter's mark shall be witnessed by the signature of an election judge.
 - 13. For any election held on or before November 1, 2008, an individual who appears at a polling place without identification in the form described in subsection 1 of this section, and who is otherwise qualified to vote at that polling place, may cast a provisional ballot after:
 - (1) Executing an affidavit which is also signed by two supervising election judges, one from each major political party, who attest that they have personal knowledge of the identity of the voter, provided that the two supervising election judges who sign an affidavit under this subdivision shall not be involved or participate in the verification of the voter's eligibility by the election authority after the provisional ballot is cast; or

- 195 (2) (a) Executing an affidavit affirming his or her identity; and 196 (b) Presenting a form of identification from the following list: 197 a. Identification issued by the state of Missouri, an agency of the 198 state, or a local election authority of the state; 199 b. Identification issued by the United States government or 200 agency thereof; 201 c. Identification issued by an institution of higher education, 202 including a university, college, vocational and technical school, located 203 within the state of Missouri; d. A copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, government 204 205 check, paycheck, or other government document that contains the name 206 and address of the voter: or 207 e. Driver's license or state identification card issued by another 208 state. 209 Such provisional ballot shall be entitled to be counted, provided the election authority verifies the identity of the individual by comparing 210 that individual's signature to the current signature on file with the 211 election authority and determines that the individual was otherwise 212213 eligible to cast a ballot at the polling place where the ballot was cast. 214 14. The affidavit to be used for voting under subsection 13 of this 215 section shall be substantially in the following form: "State of 216 County of 217I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that my name is; 218219 that I reside at; and that I am the person listed in the precinct register under this name and at this address. 220 I understand that knowingly providing false information is a violation 221 222 of law and subjects me to possible criminal prosecution. 223 224 Signature of voter 225
- 227 Signature of Election Official".

- 228 15. The provisions of subsections 1 to 5 and 8 to 14 of this section
- 229 shall become effective August 28, 2006, and this subsection shall expire
- 230 September 1, 2006.

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- 115.430. 1. This section shall apply to primary and general elections
 where candidates for federal or statewide offices are nominated or elected and
 any election where statewide issue or issues are submitted to the voters.
- 2. (1) A voter claiming to be properly registered in the jurisdiction of the 4 election authority and eligible to vote in an election, but whose eligibility at that 5 precinct cannot be immediately established upon examination of the precinct 6 register [or upon examination of the records on file with the election authority], shall be entitled to vote a provisional ballot after providing a form of personal identification required pursuant to section 115.427 or upon executing an 9 affidavit under section 115.427, or may vote at a central polling place as 10 established in section 115.115 where [they] the voter may vote [their] his or 11 her appropriate ballot for his or her precinct of residence upon verification 12 of eligibility or vote a provisional ballot if eligibility cannot be determined. The 13 provisional ballot [contained in] provided to a voter under this section shall 14 [contain the statewide candidates and issues, and federal candidates. The 15 16 congressional district on the provisional ballot shall be for the address contained 17 on be the ballot provided to a resident of the voter's precinct determined by reference to the affidavit provided for in this section. If the 18 voter declares that the voter is eligible to vote and the election authority 19 determines that the voter is eligible to vote at another polling place, the voter 20shall be directed to the correct polling place or a central polling place as 2122established by the election authority pursuant to subsection 5 of section 115.115. If the voter refuses to go to the correct polling place or a central polling place, the 23voter shall be permitted to vote a provisional ballot at the incorrect polling place, 2425 but such ballot shall not be counted if the voter was not eligible to vote at that polling place. 26
- 27 (2) The following steps shall be taken to establish a voter's eligibility to vote at a polling place:
 - (a) The election judge shall examine the precinct register as provided in section 115.425. If the voter is registered and eligible to vote at the polling place, the voter shall receive a regular ballot;
 - (b) If the voter's eligibility cannot be immediately established by examining the precinct register, the election judge shall contact the election authority. If the election authority cannot immediately establish that the voter is registered and eligible to vote at the polling place upon examination of the Missouri voter registration system, or if

- the election judge is unable to make contact with the election authority immediately, the voter shall be notified that the voter is entitled to a provisional ballot.
- (3) The voter shall have the duty to appear and vote at the correct polling place. If an election judge determines that the voter is not eligible to vote at the polling place at which a voter presents himself or herself, and if the voter appears to be eligible to vote at another polling place, the voter shall be informed that he or she may cast a provisional ballot at the current polling place or may travel to the correct polling place or a central polling place, as established by the election authority under subsection 5 of section 115.115, where the voter may cast a regular ballot or provisional ballot if the voter's eligibility still cannot be determined. Provisional ballots cast at a polling place shall be counted only if the voter was eligible to vote at such polling place as provided in subsection 5 of this section.
 - (4) For a voter requesting an absentee ballot in person, such voter shall be entitled to cast a provisional ballot when the voter's eligibility cannot be immediately established upon examination of the precinct registers or the Missouri voter registration system.
 - (5) Prior to accepting any provisional ballot at the polling place, the election judges shall determine that the information provided on the provisional ballot envelope by the provisional voter is consistent with the identification provided by such person under section 115.427.
 - 3. (1) No person shall be entitled to receive a provisional ballot until such person has completed a provisional ballot affidavit on the provisional ballot envelope.
 - (2) The secretary of state shall produce appropriate sizes of provisional ballot envelopes and distribute them to each election authority according to their tabulating system. All provisional ballot envelopes shall be printed on a distinguishable color of paper that is different from the color of the regular ballot. The provisional ballot envelope shall be in the form required by subsection 4 of this section. All provisional ballots shall be marked with a conspicuous stamp or other distinguishing mark that makes them readily distinguishable from the regular ballots.
 - [3.] (3) Once voted, the provisional ballot shall be placed and sealed in

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73 a provisional ballot envelope.

- 74 4. The provisional ballot in its envelope shall be deposited in the ballot 75 box. The provisional ballot envelope shall be completed by the voter for use in determining eligibility. The provisional ballot envelope specified in this section 76 77 shall contain a voter's certificate which shall be in substantially the following 78 form: 79 STATE OF 80 COUNTY OF 81 I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that my name is; that my date of birth is; that the last four digits of my Social 82 Security Number are; that I am registered to vote in 83 84 County or City (if a City not within a County), Missouri; that I am a qualified voter of said County (or City not within a County); that I am 85 86 eligible to vote at this polling place; and that I have not voted in this election. 87 I understand that if the above-provided information is not correct and the 88 election authority determines that I am not registered and eligible to vote, my 89 vote will not be counted. I further understand that knowingly providing false information is a violation of law and subjects me to possible criminal prosecution. 90 91 92 (Signature of Voter) 93 94 (Current Address) 95 96 97 (Signature of Election Official) The voter may provide additional information to further assist the election 98 99 authority in determining eligibility, including the place and date the voter 100 registered to vote, if known. 101 [4.] 5. (1) Prior to [certification of the election] counting any 102 provisional ballot, the election authority shall determine if the voter is 103 registered and [entitled] eligible to vote and if the vote was properly cast. The 104 eligibility of provisional votes shall be determined according to the requirements for a voter to cast a ballot in the election as set forth in 105 sections 115.133 and 115.135. A provisional voter ballot shall not be 106
 - (a) The voter cast such provisional ballot at a polling place

eligible to be counted until the election authority has determined that:

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- established for the voter or the central polling place established by the election authority under subsection 5 of section 115.115;
- 111 (b) The individual who cast the provisional ballot is an 112 individual registered to vote in the respective election at the polling 113 place where the ballot was cast;
- 114 (c) The voter did not otherwise vote in the same election by 115 regular ballot, absentee ballot, or otherwise; and
- (d) The information on the provisional ballot envelope is foundto be correct, complete, and accurate.
- 118 (2) When the ballot boxes are delivered to the election authority 119 from the polling places, the receiving teams shall separate the 120 provisional ballots from the rest of the ballots and place the sealed 121 provisional ballot envelopes in a separate container. Teams of election 122 authority employees or teams of election judges with each team 123 consisting of one member of each major political party shall photocopy each provisional ballot envelope, such photocopy to be used by the 124election authority to determine provisional voter eligibility. The sealed 125provisional ballot envelopes shall be placed by the team in a sealed 126 127 container and shall remain therein until tabulation.
 - (3) To determine whether a provisional ballot is valid and entitled to be counted, the election authority shall examine its records and verify that the provisional voter is properly registered and eligible to vote in the election. If the provisional voter has provided information regarding the registration agency where the provisional voter registered to vote, the election authority shall make an inquiry of the registration agency to determine whether the provisional voter is properly registered and eligible to vote in the election.
 - (4) If the election authority determines that the provisional voter is registered and eligible to vote in the election, the election authority shall provide documentation verifying the voter's eligibility. Such documentation shall be noted on the copy of the provisional ballot envelope and shall contain substantially the following information:
 - (a) The name of the provisional voter;
- 142 (b) The name of the reviewer;
- 143 (c) The date and time; and
- 144 (d) A description of evidence found that supports the voter's

eligibility. 145

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- 146 (5) The local election authority shall record on a provisional ballot acceptance/rejection list the provisional ballot identification 147number and a notation marking it as accepted. 148
- 149 (6) If the election authority determines that the provisional voter 150 is not registered or eligible to vote in the election, the election authority shall provide documentation verifying the voter's 151152ineligibility. Such documentation shall be noted on the copy of the 153provisional ballot envelope and shall contain substantially the 154following information:
- 155 (a) The name of the provisional voter;
- 156 (b) The name of the reviewer;
- 157 (c) The date and time;
- 158 (d) A description of why the voter is ineligible.
- 159 (7) The local election authority shall record on a provisional ballot acceptance/rejection list the provisional ballot identification 160 161 number and notation marking it as rejected.
- (8) If rejected, a photocopy of the envelope shall be made and used by the election authority as a mail-in voter registration. The 163 164 actual provisional ballot envelope shall be kept as ballot material, and the copy of the envelope shall be used by the election authority for registration record keeping. 166
- 6. All provisional ballots cast by voters whose eligibility has been verified as provided in this section shall be counted in accordance with 168the rules governing ballot tabulation. Provisional ballots shall not be 169 counted until all provisional ballots are determined either eligible or 170ineligible and all provisional ballots must be processed before the 171election is certified. The provisional ballot shall be counted only if the election 172173 authority determines that the voter is registered and [entitled] eligible to vote. Provisional ballots voted in the wrong polling place shall not be counted. 174175If the voter is not registered but is qualified to register for future elections, the affidavit shall be considered a [mail] mail-in application to register to vote 176pursuant to this chapter.
- 178 7. (1) After the election authority completes its review of the 179 provisional voter's eligibility under subsection 5 of this section, the election authority shall deliver the provisional ballots and copies of the 180

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- 181 provisional ballot envelopes that include eligibility information to 182 bipartisan counting teams, which may be the board of verification, for review and tabulation. The election authority shall maintain a record 183 of such delivery. The record shall include the number of ballots 184 delivered to each team and shall include a signed receipt from two 185 186 judges, one from each major political party. The election authority 187 shall provide each team with a ballot box and material necessary for tabulation. 188
 - (2) If the person named on the provisional ballot affidavit is found to have been properly qualified and registered to cast a ballot in the election and the provisional ballot otherwise qualifies to be counted under the provisions of this section, the envelope shall be opened, and the ballot shall be placed in a ballot box to be counted.
 - (3) If the person named on the provisional ballot affidavit is found not to have been properly qualified and registered to cast a ballot in the election or if the election authority is unable to determine such person's right to vote, the envelope containing the provisional ballot shall not be opened, and the person's vote shall not be counted. The members of the team shall follow the procedures set forth in subsection 5 of this section for rejected provisional ballots.
- 201 (4) The votes shall be tallied and the returns made as provided 202 in sections 115.447 to 115.525 for paper ballots. After the vote on all 203 ballots assigned to a team have been counted, the ballots, ballot 204 envelopes, and copies of ballot envelopes with the eligibility 205 information provided by the election authority shall be enclosed in sealed containers marked "Voted provisional ballots and ballot 206 envelopes from the election held, 20...". All rejected provisional 207 ballots, ballot envelopes, and copies of ballot envelopes with the 208 209 eligibility information provided by the election authority shall be 210 enclosed in sealed containers marked "Rejected provisional ballots and ballot envelopes from the election held, 20...". On the 211outside of each voted ballot and rejected ballot container, each member 212 213 of the team shall write their name and all such containers shall be returned to the election authority. Upon receipt of the returns and 214 215 ballots, the election authority shall tabulate the provisional votes.
 - 8. Challengers and watchers, as provided by sections 115.105 and

- 115.107, may be present during all times that the bipartisan counting 217teams are reviewing or counting the provisional ballots, the provisional 218 ballot envelopes, or copies of the provisional ballot envelopes that 219include eligibility information provided by the election 220 authority. Challengers and watchers shall be permitted to observe the 221222determination of the eligibility of all provisional ballots. The election 223 authority shall notify the county chair of each major political party of 224 the time and location when bipartisan counting teams will be reviewing 225or counting the provisional ballots, the provisional ballot envelopes, or 226 the copies of the provisional ballot envelopes that include the 227eligibility information provided by the election authority.
- 228 9. The certificate of ballot cards shall:
 - (1) Reflect the number of provisional envelopes delivered; and
- 230 (2) Reflect the number of sealed provisional envelopes with voted 231 ballots deposited in the ballot box.
- [5.] 10. In counties where the voting system does not utilize a paper ballot, the election authority shall provide the appropriate provisional ballots to each polling place.
- [6.] 11. The secretary of state may promulgate rules for purposes of ensuring the uniform application of this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo.
- [7.] 12. The secretary of state shall design and provide to the election authorities the envelopes and forms necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- 242 [8.] 13. Pursuant to the Help America Vote Act of 2002, the secretary of state shall ensure a free access system is established, such as a toll-free number 243 244 or an Internet web site, that any individual who casts a provisional ballot may access to discover whether the vote of that individual was counted, and, if the 245246 vote was not counted, the reason that the vote was not counted. At the time an individual casts a provisional ballot, the election authority shall give the voter 247248written information that states that any individual who casts a provisional ballot will be able to ascertain under such free access system whether the vote was 249250counted, and if the vote was not counted, the reason that the vote was not counted. 251
- 252 [9.] 14. In accordance with the Help America Vote Act of 2002, any

253 individual who votes in an election as a result of a court order or any other order
254 extending the time established for closing the polls in section 115.407 may vote
255 only by using a provisional ballot, and such provisional ballot shall be separated
256 and held apart from other provisional ballots cast by those not affected by the
257 order. Such ballots shall not be counted until such time as the ballots are
258 determined to be valid. No state court shall have jurisdiction to extend
259 the polling hours established by law, including section 115.407.

115.431. [1. In counties using binders as the precinct register, upon satisfactory identification of the voter, two judges of different political parties shall initial the voter's identification certificate. All identification certificates shall be numbered consecutively by an election judge in the order received, starting with the number "1". The signed identification certificates shall constitute the poll list and shall be securely fastened together in the order received.

- 2. In counties using computer printouts for precinct registers,] Upon satisfactory identification of the voter, two judges of different political parties shall place their initials on the line where the voter signed the [printout] precinct register. All voters' names on the [printout] precinct register shall be numbered consecutively in the order in which they have signed, starting with the number "1". The computer [printout] precinct register shall then constitute the poll list.
- 115.439. 1. If paper ballots or ballot cards are used, the voter shall, 2 immediately upon receiving his ballot, go alone to a voting booth and vote his 3 ballot in the following manner:
- 4 (1) [If the voter desires to vote a straight party ticket, he may place a 5 cross (X) mark in the circle directly below the party name at the head of the 6 column, or he may place cross (X) marks in the squares directly to the left of the 7 names of candidates on one party ticket;
- 8 (2) If the voter desires to vote a split party ticket, he may place a cross (X)
 9 mark in the circle directly below one party name at the head of the column and
 10 cross (X) marks in the squares directly to the left of the names of candidates on
 11 other party tickets, or he may place cross (X) marks in the squares directly to the
 12 left of the names of candidates on different party tickets] When a voter desires
 13 to vote for a candidate, the voter shall place a cross (X) mark in the
 14 square directly to the left of the name of the candidate for which the
 15 voter intends to vote;

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- [(3)] (2) If the voter desires to vote for a person whose name does not appear on the ballot, [he] the voter may cross out a name which appears on the ballot for the office and write the name of the person for whom he wishes to vote above or below the crossed-out name and place a cross (X) mark in the square directly to the left of the crossed-out name. If a write-in line appears on the ballot, [he] the voter may write the name of the person for whom he or she wishes to vote on the line and place a cross (X) mark in the square directly to the left of the name;
- [(4) If the ballot does not contain any party designations, the voter shall place a cross (X) mark in the squares directly to the left of the names of the candidates for whom he desires to vote;
- 27 (5)] (3) If the ballot is one which contains no candidates, the voter shall 28 place a cross (X) mark in the square directly to the left of each "yes" or "no" he 29 desires to vote.
- 30 No voter shall vote for the same person more than once for the same office at the 31 same election.
- 32 2. For purposes of this section, a punch or sensor mark or any other mark 33 clearly indicating that the voter intends to mark that particular square shall be 34 equivalent to a cross (X) mark.
 - 3. If voting machines are used, the voter shall, immediately upon direction by the judges, go alone to a voting machine, close the curtain and vote in substantially the same manner provided in subsection 1 of this section. Rather than placing cross (X) marks on the ballot, however, the voter shall cause the designations to appear on the face of the voting machine, cast any write-in votes and register his votes as directed in the instructions for use of the machine.
- 4. If the voter accidentally spoils his ballot or ballot card or makes an error, he may return it to an election judge and receive another. The election judge shall mark "SPOILED" across the ballot or ballot card and place it in an envelope marked "SPOILED BALLOTS". After another ballot has been prepared in the manner provided in section 115.433, the ballot shall be given to the voter for voting.
- 5. The election authority may authorize the use of a sticker or other item containing a write-in candidate's name, in lieu of a handwritten name. All such stickers and items used by election authorities shall conform to rules and regulations promulgated by the secretary of state regarding the form of such stickers and items. The secretary of state shall promulgate rules and regulations

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to prescribe uniform specifications for the form of such stickers and items. If 52 53 authorized, such sticker or item shall contain a cross (X) mark, or other mark as 54 described in subsection 2 of this section, in the square directly left of the candidate's name and the office for which the candidate is a write-in candidate. 5556 A write-in vote that does not meet the requirements of this subsection which 57 appears on a ballot shall not be counted pursuant to sections 115.447 to 115.525. 58 In those jurisdictions using an electronic voting system which utilizes mark sense or optical scan technology and if the election authority authorizes the use of 59 stickers for write-ins, such system shall be programmed to identify and separate 60 those ballots which contain an office in which write-in candidates are eligible to 61 receive votes, and which contain less votes than a voter is entitled to cast. In 62addition, such sticker shall be considered "printed matter" as defined in 63 subsection 8 of section 130.031, RSMo, and as such shall contain the designation 64 required by subsection 8 of section 130.031, RSMo. 65

6. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and void.

115.445. 1. Except as provided in subsections 2 and 3 of this section, no one other than the voter shall be permitted in any voting booth or permitted to 3 be in any position where he may see how a voter is voting.

2. If any voter, after entering a voting booth, asks for further instructions concerning the manner of voting, two election judges of different political parties shall give such instructions. Such judges shall not enter the voting booth unless it is impossible to give the instructions otherwise. After giving the instructions, the judges shall leave the area and take all necessary measures to insure that the voter casts his vote in secret.

3. If any voter declares under oath to the election judges that he cannot read or write, is blind or has any other physical disability and cannot vote his ballot, he may be assisted by the election judges or by any person of his own choice other than a judge. If the voter asks for the assistance of election judges,

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- two judges of different political parties shall go to the voting booth and cast his vote as he directs. If the voter asks for the assistance of someone other than election judges, the assistant shall go to the voting booth with the voter and cast his vote as he directs. No person, other than election judges and members of such
- voters' immediate families, shall assist more than one voter at one election.
 4. A child under the age of eighteen shall be allowed
- 4. A child under the age of eighteen shall be allowed to accompany his or her parent, grandparent, or guardian into a voting booth.
 - 115.449. 1. As soon as the polls close in each polling place using paper ballots, the election judges shall begin to count the votes. If earlier counting is begun pursuant to section 115.451, the election judges shall complete the count in the manner provided by this section. Once begun, no count shall be adjourned or postponed until all proper votes have been counted.
- 6 2. One counting judge, closely observed by the other counting judge, shall take the ballots out of the ballot box one at a time and, holding each ballot in 7 such a way that the other counting judge may read it, shall read the name of each candidate properly voted for and the office sought by each. As each vote is called 10 out, the recording judges shall each record the vote on a tally sheet. The votes for and against all questions shall likewise be read and recorded. [In a general 11 12 election, the counting judges may separate the straight party ballots from the split party ballots and first read one and then the other.] If more than one 13 political subdivision or special district is holding an election on the same day at 14 the same polling place and using separate ballots, the counting judges may 15 separate the ballots of each political subdivision and special district and first read 16 one set, then the next and so on until all proper votes have been counted. 17
 - 3. After all of the proper votes on a ballot have been counted, the ballot shall be strung on a wire or string in the order read. After all the ballots have been read and strung and after the recording judges agree on the count, the wire or string shall be tied in a firm knot, and the knot shall be sealed so that it cannot be untied without breaking the seal. Rejected and spoiled ballots shall not be strung but shall be placed in separate containers marked "REJECTED" and "SPOILED".
- 4. After the recording of all proper votes, the recording judges shall compare their tallies. When the recording judges agree on the count, they shall sign both of the tally sheets, and one of the recording judges shall announce in a loud voice the total number of votes for each candidate and for and against each

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5. After the announcement of the vote, the election judges shall record the vote totals in the appropriate places on each statement of returns. If any tally sheet or statement of returns contains no heading for any question, the election judges shall write the necessary headings on the tally sheet or statement of returns.

115.453. Election judges shall count votes for all candidates in the following manner:

- 3 (1) [If a cross (X) mark appears in the circle immediately below a party name at the head of a column, each candidate of the party shall be counted as voted for. If a cross (X) mark appears in the circle immediately below more than 5 one party name,] No candidate shall be counted as voted for, except a candidate before whose name a cross (X) mark appears in the square preceding the name and a cross (X) mark does not appear in the square preceding the name of any 8 candidate for the same office in another column. [If a cross (X) mark appears in 10 the circle immediately below a party name at the head of a column, and a cross 11 (X) mark appears in the square next to the name of any candidate in another column, each candidate of the party whose circle is marked shall be counted as 12voted for, except where a cross (X) mark appears in the square preceding the 13 name of any candidate in another column.] Except as provided in this subdivision 14 and subdivision (2) of this section, each candidate with a cross (X) mark in the 15 square preceding his or her name shall be counted as voted for. 16
- 17 (2) [If no cross (X) mark appears in the circle immediately below any party name, but a cross (X) mark does appear in the square next to any 18 19 candidate's name, the name of each candidate next to which a cross (X) mark appears shall be counted as voted for, and no other name shall be counted as 20 voted for.] If cross (X) marks appear next to the names of more candidates for an 2122office than are entitled to fill the office, no candidate for the office shall be 23counted as voted for. If more than one candidate is to be nominated or elected to an office, and any voter has voted for the same candidate more than once for the 2425same office at the same election, no votes cast by the voter for the candidate shall be counted. 26
 - (3) No vote shall be counted for any candidate that is not marked substantially in accordance with the provisions of this section. The judges shall count votes marked substantially in accordance with this section and section 115.456 when the intent of the voter seems clear. Regulations promulgated by

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- the secretary of state shall be used by the judges to determine voter intent. No ballot containing any proper votes shall be rejected for containing fewer marks than are authorized by law.
 - (4) Write-in votes shall be counted only for candidates for election to office who have filed a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate for election to office with the proper election authority, who shall then notify the proper filing officer of the write-in candidate prior to 5:00 p.m. on the second Friday immediately preceding the election day; except that, write-in votes shall be counted only for candidates for election to state or federal office who have filed a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate for election to state or federal office with the secretary of state pursuant to section 115.353 prior to 5:00 p.m. on the second Friday immediately preceding the election day. No person who filed as a party or independent candidate for nomination or election to an office may, without withdrawing as provided by law, file as a write-in candidate for election to the same office for the same term. No candidate who files for nomination to an office and is not nominated at a primary election may file a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate for the same office at the general election. When declarations are properly filed with the secretary of state, the secretary of state shall promptly transmit copies of all such declarations to the proper election authorities for further action pursuant to this section. The election authority shall furnish a list to the election judges and counting teams prior to election day of all write-in candidates who have filed such declaration. This subdivision shall not apply to elections wherein candidates are being elected to an office for which no candidate has filed.
 - (5) Write-in votes shall be cast and counted for a candidate without party designation. Write-in votes for a person cast with a party designation shall not be counted. Except for candidates for political party committees, no candidate shall be elected as a write-in candidate unless such candidate receives a separate plurality of the votes without party designation regardless of whether or not the total write-in votes for such candidate under all party and without party designations totals a majority of the votes cast.
 - (6) When submitted to the election authority, each declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate for the office of United States president shall include the name of a candidate for vice president and the name of nominees for presidential elector equal to the number to which the state is entitled. At least one qualified resident of each congressional district shall be nominated as

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- presidential elector. Each such declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate shall be accompanied by a declaration of candidacy for each presidential elector in substantially the form set forth in subsection 3 of section 115.399. Each declaration of candidacy for the office of presidential elector shall be subscribed and sworn to by the candidate before the election official receiving the declaration of intent to be a write-in, notary public or other officer authorized by law to administer oaths.
- 115.456. 1. The election authority shall be responsible for 2 ensuring that the standards provided for in this subsection are 3 followed when counting ballots cast using punch card voting systems.
- 4 (1) Prior to tabulating ballots, all ballot cards shall be inspected 5 by the election authority for hanging chad and damaged 6 ballots. Inspection of ballot cards shall be conducted using the 7 following guidelines:
 - (a) The election authority shall appoint a bipartisan team to inspect all ballots where a question exists about the condition of a ballot or existence of a hanging chad;
 - (b) All ballot card inspections conducted under this section shall be conducted by examining the ballot card from the back of the card;
 - (c) If a ballot is determined to be damaged, the bipartisan team shall spoil the original ballot and duplicate the voter's intent on the new ballot, provided that there is an undisputed method of matching the duplicate card with its original after it has been placed with the remainder of the ballot cards from the precinct; and
- (d) If a chad is determined to be hanging by two or less corners,it shall be removed prior to being tabulated.
- 20 (2) In jurisdictions using punch card systems, a valid vote for a 21 write-in candidate shall include the following:
- 22 (a) A distinguishing mark in the square immediately preceding 23 the name of the candidate;
- 24 (b) The name of the candidate. If the name of the candidate as 25 written by the voter is substantially as declared by the candidate it 26 shall be counted, or in those circumstances where the names of 27 candidates are similar, the names of candidates as shown on voter 28 registration records shall be counted; and
 - (c) The name of the office for which the candidate is to be

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- 31 (3) Whenever a hand recount of votes is ordered of punch card 32 ballots, the provisions of this subsection shall be used to determine 33 voter intent.
- 2. The election authority shall be responsible for ensuring that the standards provided for in this subsection are followed when counting ballots cast using optical scan voting systems.
 - (1) Prior to tabulating ballots, all machines shall be programmed to reject blank ballots where no votes are recorded or where an overvote is registered in any race.
- 40 (2) In jurisdictions using precinct-based tabulators, the voter 41 who cast the ballot shall review the ballot if rejected, if the voter 42 wishes to make any changes to the ballot, or if the voter would like to 43 spoil the ballot and receive another ballot.
- 44 (3) In jurisdictions using centrally based tabulators, if a ballot 45 is so rejected it shall be reviewed by a bipartisan team using the 46 following criteria:
 - (a) If a ballot is determined to be damaged, the bipartisan team shall spoil the original ballot and duplicate the voter's intent on the new ballot, provided that there is an undisputed method of matching the duplicate card with its original after it has been placed with the remainder of the ballot cards from such precinct; and
 - (b) Voter intent shall be determined using the following criteria:
 - a. There is a distinguishing mark in the printed oval or divided arrow adjacent to the name of the candidate or issue preference;
- 55 b. There is a distinguishing mark adjacent to the name of the 56 candidate or issue preference; or
 - c. The name of the candidate or issue preference is circled.
 - (4) In jurisdictions using optical scan systems, a valid vote for a write-in candidate shall include the following:
- 60 (a) A distinguishing mark in the designated location preceding 61 the name of the candidate;
- (b) The name of the candidate. If the name of the candidate as written by the voter is substantially as declared by the candidate it shall be counted, or in those circumstances where the names of candidates are similar, the names of candidates as shown on voter

- 66 registration records shall be counted; and
- 67 (c) The name of the office for which the candidate is to be 68 elected.
- 69 (5) Whenever a hand recount of votes of optical scan ballots is 70 ordered, the provisions of this subsection shall be used to determine 71 voter intent.
- 3. The election authority shall be responsible for ensuring that the standards provided for in this subsection are followed when counting ballots cast using paper ballots.
 - (1) Voter intent shall be determined using the following criteria:
- 76 (a) There is a distinguishing mark in the square adjacent to the 77 name of the candidate or issue preference;
- 78 **(b)** There is a distinguishing mark adjacent to the name of the candidate or issue preference; or
 - (c) The name of the candidate or issue preference is circled.
- 81 (2) In jurisdictions using paper ballots, a valid vote for a write-in 82 candidate shall include the following:
- 83 (a) A distinguishing mark in the square immediately preceding 84 the name of the candidate;
- (b) The name of the candidate. If the name of the candidate as written by the voter is substantially as declared by the candidate it shall be counted, or in those circumstances where the names of candidates are similar, the names of candidates as shown on voter registration records shall be counted; and
- 90 (c) The name of the office for which the candidate is to be 91 elected.
- 92 (3) Whenever a hand recount of votes of paper ballots is ordered, 93 the provisions of this subsection shall be used to determine voter 94 intent.
- 95 4. When write-in stickers are used, the sticker shall contain the 96 name of a candidate, the office sought, and a distinguishing mark in the 97 square immediately preceding the name of the candidate and shall be 98 approximately one inch by three inches in size with black print on a 99 white background. The sticker shall be placed by the voter on the 100 write-in line designating the office sought or the sticker shall be placed 101 by the voter on the write-in line on the secrecy envelope.

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5. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a distinguishing mark indicating a general preference for or against the candidates of one political party shall not be considered a vote for or against any specific candidate.

by law, shall be class one election offenses and are deemed felonies connected with the exercise of the right of suffrage. Conviction for any of these offenses shall be punished by imprisonment of not more than five years or by fine of not less than two thousand five hundred dollars but not more than ten thousand dollars or by both such imprisonment and fine:

- 7 (1) Willfully and falsely making any certificate, affidavit, or statement required to be made pursuant to any provision of sections 115.001 to 115.641 and sections 51.450 and 51.460, RSMo, including but not limited to statements 10 specifically required to be made "under penalty of perjury"; or in any other manner knowingly furnishing false information to an election authority or 11 12election official engaged in any lawful duty or action in such a way as to hinder 13 or mislead the authority or official in the performance of official duties. If an 14 individual willfully and falsely makes any certificate, affidavit, or statement required to be made under section 115.155, including but not limited to 15 statements specifically required to be made "under penalty of perjury", such 16 individual shall be guilty of a class C felony; 17
 - (2) Voting more than once or voting at any election knowing that the person is not entitled to vote or that the person has already voted on the same day at another location inside or outside the state of Missouri;
- 21 (3) Procuring any person to vote knowing the person is not lawfully 22 entitled to vote or knowingly procuring an illegal vote to be cast at any election;
- (4) Applying for a ballot in the name of any other person, whether the name be that of a person living or dead or of a fictitious person, or applying for a ballot in his own or any other name after having once voted at the election inside or outside the state of Missouri;
 - (5) Aiding, abetting or advising another person to vote knowing the person is not legally entitled to vote or knowingly aiding, abetting or advising another person to cast an illegal vote;
- 30 (6) An election judge knowingly causing or permitting any ballot to be in 31 the ballot box at the opening of the polls and before the voting commences;
 - (7) Knowingly furnishing any voter with a false or fraudulent or bogus

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ballot, or knowingly practicing any fraud upon a voter to induce him to cast avote which will be rejected, or otherwise defrauding him of his vote;

- 35 (8) An election judge knowingly placing or attempting to place or 36 permitting any ballot, or paper having the semblance of a ballot, to be placed in 37 a ballot box at any election unless the ballot is offered by a qualified voter as 38 provided by law;
- 39 (9) Knowingly placing or attempting to place or causing to be placed any 40 false or fraudulent or bogus ballot in a ballot box at any election;
- 41 (10) Knowingly removing any legal ballot from a ballot box for the purpose 42 of changing the true and lawful count of any election or in any other manner 43 knowingly changing the true and lawful count of any election;
- 44 (11) Knowingly altering, defacing, damaging, destroying or concealing any 45 ballot after it has been voted for the purpose of changing the lawful count of any 46 election;
- 47 (12) Knowingly altering, defacing, damaging, destroying or concealing any 48 poll list, report, affidavit, return or certificate for the purpose of changing the 49 lawful count of any election;
 - (13) On the part of any person authorized to receive, tally or count a poll list, tally sheet or election return, receiving, tallying or counting a poll list, tally sheet or election return the person knows is fraudulent, forged or counterfeit, or knowingly making an incorrect account of any election;
 - (14) On the part of any person whose duty it is to grant certificates of election, or in any manner declare the result of an election, granting a certificate to a person the person knows is not entitled to receive the certificate, or declaring any election result the person knows is based upon fraudulent, fictitious or illegal votes or returns;
- 59 (15) Willfully destroying or damaging any official ballots, whether marked 60 or unmarked, after the ballots have been prepared for use at an election and 61 during the time they are required by law to be preserved in the custody of the 62 election judges or the election authority;
- (16) Willfully tampering with, disarranging, altering the information on, defacing, impairing or destroying any voting machine or marking device after the machine or marking device has been prepared for use at an election and during the time it is required by law to remain locked and sealed with intent to impair the functioning of the machine or marking device at an election, mislead any voter at the election, or to destroy or change the count or record of votes on such

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- 70 (17) Registering to vote knowing the person is not legally entitled to 71 register or registering in the name of another person, whether the name be that 72 of a person living or dead or of a fictitious person;
- 73 (18) Procuring any other person to register knowing the person is not 74 legally entitled to register, or aiding, abetting or advising another person to 75 register knowing the person is not legally entitled to register;
- 76 (19) Knowingly preparing, altering or substituting any computer program 77 or other counting equipment to give an untrue or unlawful result of an election;
- 78 (20) On the part of any person assisting a blind or disabled person to vote, 79 knowingly failing to cast such person's vote as such person directs;
- 80 (21) On the part of any registration or election official, permitting any 81 person to register to vote or to vote when such official knows the person is not 82 legally entitled to register or not legally entitled to vote;
- 83 (22) On the part of a notary public acting in his official capacity, 84 knowingly violating any of the provisions of sections 115.001 to 115.627 or any 85 provision of law pertaining to elections;
- 86 (23) Violation of any of the provisions of sections 115.275 to 115.303, or 87 of any provision of law pertaining to absentee voting;
 - (24) Assisting a person to vote knowing such person is not legally entitled to such assistance, or while assisting a person to vote who is legally entitled to such assistance, in any manner coercing, requesting or suggesting that the voter vote for or against, or refrain from voting on any question, ticket or candidate;
 - (25) Engaging in any act of violence, destruction of property having a value of five hundred dollars or more, or threatening an act of violence with the intent of denying a person's lawful right to vote or to participate in the election process; and
- 96 (26) Knowingly providing false information about election 97 procedures for the purpose of preventing any person from going to the 98 polls.

[115.126. 1. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, election authorities shall establish a plan to implement an advance voting period when eligible registered voters may vote before any general election in presidential election years at the office of the election authority and up to four other polling places designated by and under the control of the election

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 authority. Such plan shall provide that the permissible advance voting period shall begin fourteen days prior to such election and end at 5:00 p.m. on the Wednesday before the day of such election.

- 2. Election authorities shall, pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, establish in their plans the hours and locations for advance voting. The election authority shall have all advance voting locations open on all business days during the advance voting period, and may have all advance voting locations open on Saturdays, Sundays and holidays during the advance voting period.
- 3. Except as provided in this section, advance voting procedures shall be conducted pursuant to sections 115.407 to 115.445. The secretary of state shall design the necessary application for use in an advance voting program pursuant to this section. All election authorities in this state shall submit to the secretary of state a plan to implement the advance voting period by December 31, 2002. The secretary of state shall assist election authorities in developing a plan for the implementation of an advance voting program.
- 4. The plans established pursuant to this section shall also require that before the precinct registers are delivered to the polling places for an election, the election authority shall record in the precinct registers the names of all voters who have submitted an advance voting ballot. The election judge shall not allow any person who has voted an advance voting ballot in the election to vote at the polls on election day. If it is determined that any voter submitted an advance voting ballot and voted at the polls on election day, such person, having voted more than once, is guilty of a class one election offense pursuant to subdivision (2) of section 115.631.
- 5. The secretary of state may promulgate rules to effectuate the provisions of this section.
- 6. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter

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536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and void.]

[115.223. Whenever a voter's name has been removed from the registration records by an election authority, the voter may appeal the removal to the circuit court. Unless prohibited by court rule, the petition may be filed in an associate circuit court division. No formal pleading shall be required, and it shall be sufficient for the voter to present to the court an application verified by affidavit setting forth that his name has been removed from the registration records, the date of such removal, and any other information showing his qualification to vote. The application shall first be presented to the election authority, which shall either restore the voter's name to the registration records or furnish a statement showing the reason the voter's name was removed from the records. The court shall hear and dispose of such application forthwith. Evidence may be introduced for and against the application. If the court sustains the application, the court shall notify the election authority of its action, and the election authority shall restore the applicant's name to the registration records and note that it was restored by order of the court. No person whose name is restored to the registration records by order of the court shall be protected by such order if he is challenged or prosecuted for false registration or false voting. If a voter's name is restored to the registration records by the election authority or by order of the court on election day, the voter shall be permitted to vote in the office of the election authority.]

Section B. Because of the need to provide the citizens of this state adequate time to transition into the voter identification provisions required by section A of this act, the repeal and reenactment of section 115.427 of section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the repeal and reenactment of section

- 7 115.427 of section A of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage
- 8 and approval.

Unofficial

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